In Response to the Office Communication of June 24, 2011

Atty Docket No: 105967-00763

LISTING OF THE CLAIMS:

The following listing of claims replaces all prior versions and listings of claims in this

application:

1. (Currently Amended) A method for forming a high temperature superconductor

(HTS) conductor or cable comprising transposed conductor elements comprising:

forming a layer of an HTS on one or more substrates and cutting the substrate(s) with an

HTS layer thereon or at least one substrate into a multiple number of generally longitudinally

extending serpentine conductor elements each comprising a series of element portions which

periodically change direction relative to one another in a plane of the substrate, or cutting one or

more planar substrates to form a multiple number of generally longitudinally extending

serpentine substrate elements each comprising a series of element portions which periodically

change direction relative to one another in a plane of the substrate, so that said serpentine

conductor elements are cut from the a larger substrate back to back with similarly oriented

element portions of the serpentine conductor elements being cut from common parts of the larger

substrate across a width of the substrate and forming a layer of an HTS on a surface of the

serpentine substrate elements, and interleaving such serpentine conductor elements to form a

longitudinally extending transposed conductor HTS conductor or cable.

2. (Original) A method according to claim 1 including forming a layer of an HTS on one

or more planar substrates and cutting the substrate(s) to form a multiple number of generally

longitudinally extending serpentine conductor elements each comprising a first series of element

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portions having a generally common longitudinal axis and a second series of element portions

having a generally common longitudinal axis which is spaced from the longitudinal axis of said

first series of element portions in a plane of the substrate, with connecting portions of the

conductor elements between.

3. (Original) A method according to claim 1 including cutting one or more planar

substrates to form a multiple number of generally longitudinally extending serpentine substrate

elements each comprising a first series of element portions having a generally common

longitudinal axis and a second series of element portions having a generally common

longitudinal axis which is spaced from the longitudinal axis of said first series of element

portions in a plane of the substrate, with connecting portions of the substrate elements between,

and forming a layer of an HTS on a surface of the serpentine substrate-elements.

4. (Original) A method according to claim 2 wherein the element portions of said first

series of conductor elements and the element portions of said second series of conductor

elements are longer than said connecting portions between.

5. (Original) A method according to claim 3 wherein the element portions of said first

series of substrate elements and the element portions of said second series of substrate elements

are longer than said connecting portions between.

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6. (Original) A method according to claim 1 including forming a layer of an HTS on one

or more substrates and cutting the substrate(s) with the HTS layer thereon to form a multiple

number of generally longitudinally extending serpentine conductor elements each comprising a

first series of spaced generally parallel element portions which extend at an angle across a

longitudinal axis of the conductor element in a first direction and a second series of spaced

generally parallel element portions which extend across the longitudinal axis of the conductor

element in an opposite direction.

7. (Original) A method according to claim 6 including cutting the substrate(s) with the

HTS layer thereon to include connecting portions of the conductor elements between adjacent

ends of each of said element portion of said first series of element portions and an element

portion of said second series of element portions.

8. (Original) A method according to claim 1 including cutting one or more planar

substrates to form a multiple number of generally longitudinally extending serpentine substrate

elements each comprising a first series of spaced generally parallel element portions which

extend at an angle across a longitudinal axis of the substrate element in a first direction and a

second series of spaced generally parallel element portions which extend across the longitudinal

axis of the conductor element in an opposite direction.

9. (Original) A method according to claim 8 including cutting the substrate(s) to

include connecting portions of the substrate elements between adjacent ends of each said element

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portion of said first series of element portions and an element portion of said second series of

element portions.

10-26. (Canceled)

27. (Withdrawn) A high temperature superconductor (HTS) conductor or cable

comprising a number of transposed conductor elements which comprise a layer of an HTS on a

substrate element cut in a longitudinally extending serpentine form from a larger substrate back-

to-back with similarly oriented element portions being cut from common parts of the larger

substrate across the width of the larger substrate.

28. (Withdrawn) An HTS conductor or cable according to claim 27 wherein said

conductor elements each comprise a series of element portions which periodically change

direction relative to one another in a plane of the substrate.

 (Withdrawn) An HTS conductor or cable according to claim 28 wherein said conductor elements each comprise a first series of element portions having a generally common

longitudinal axis and a second series of element portions having a generally common

longitudinal axis which is spaced from the longitudinal axis of said first series of element

portions in a plane of the substrate, with connecting portions of the conductor elements between.

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30. (Withdrawn) An HTS conductor or cable according to claim 29 wherein the element

portions of said first series of conductor elements and the element portions of said second series

of conductor elements are longer than said connecting portions between.

31. (Withdrawn) An HTS conductor or cable according to claim 28 wherein said

conductor elements each comprise a first series of spaced generally parallel element portions

which extend at an angle across a longitudinal axis of the conductor element in a first direction

and a second series of spaced generally parallel element portions which extend across the

longitudinal axis of the conductor element in an opposite direction.

32. (Withdrawn) An HTS conductor or cable according to claim 31 including

connecting portions of the conductor elements between adjacent ends of each of said element

portion of said first series of element portions and an element portion of said second series of

element portions.

33-63. (Canceled)